

From Monday's Daily.

Sam Webb will not take his office as collector until after June 1st.

A Hungarian colony has purchased 5,000 acres of land of the Algodones tract at Yuma.

The case against John Harris was settled today by the defendants paying all costs.

Mrs. M. Foley and child will leave in a day or two for Gloucester, Mass., to visit a brother whom she has not seen for many years.

Wm. Kavanagh wife, and children are about to start for their old home in county Wicklow, Ireland. They will be absent about four months.

The jury in the case of the Territory vs. Asa and Henry Turner could not agree. They were out six hours. All but one jurymen stood for acquittal.

Judge Baker of Wilcox, while going from the depot to the hotel in Tucson on Friday night, was run over by a carryall and badly cut around the face and head.

Our Pioneers beat the Bisbee base ball club yesterday, by a score of 45 to 7. The Pioneers returned last night about midnight and their noise betokened victory.

James Howell and Willie Slaughter returned yesterday from San Mateo where they have been attending school. The former is suffering from a sprained ankle.

Melzar Osborn and E. J. Terril are over from Silver Camp in Dos Cabezas mountains. They have been doing assessment work on a mine over there and will remain here a few weeks doing the annual work on some claims in this district. They have been doing some extensive prospecting in the neighborhood of the Peabody mine, and will return there in a short time to resume operations.

J. M. Holt, the cattle buyer of Montana, has telegraphed that he will be in Tucson in a few days and will purchase all the cattle he can get. He has a contract for 1500 head with one man whose losses have been so heavy that he will have to call upon some of his neighbors to make up enough to keep his agreement. The arrival of Mr. Holt is awaited with great anticipation by the cattle men.—Citizen.

James Scow came over last night from Dos Cabezas. He states that the 5 stamp mill will start up this week. The Cooper mill is getting ready to start, and the Cannon Ball mill at Wood Canyon, six miles from the town, will start up in a few days. Dos Cabezas will soon be in a position to help out the secretary of the treasury in his endeavors to keep the gold reserve intact.

A young woman named Tussel Murray, an inmate of a house on Monroe street, Phoenix, was burned to death on Friday night by the explosion of a coal oil lamp in her room. She had been drinking heavily and kicked over the lamp, which exploded and set fire to her clothing. The Herald says she has a sister living in Tombstone.

Mrs. John Miano and children left yesterday for California, where they will remain for a number of weeks. Mrs. Miano's son was taken with a high fever a few days ago and fearing another siege of sickness similar to that experienced last fall, it was deemed advisable to give the little fellow a change of climate. Mr. Miano went as far as Benson with them.

Harry Carpenter left Denver Monday evening for home via San Francisco. He is expected home today in company with Mr. J. L. Avery of New York, one of the syndicate of eastern capitalists that have bought 20,000 acres of the Colorado Irrigation Co., in the Algodones grant tract, upon which they expect to place 80 families by the 1st of October next.—Sentinel.

The Republican says of the woman who was burned to death in Phoenix on Friday night that she was called at the house "Blanche" and was known both as Blanche Russell and Tessie Murray. She came to Phoenix about two weeks ago from Bisbee and had previously lived in Globe where it is said she has a sister staying. It is believed that her parents or other relatives live at El Paso, and a telegram was sent there yesterday morning but no answer had been received last night.

At Court.

Very little business was transacted today. This morning an hour was taken up by the case of Bravin vs. Ryan on a question of bonds for costs to be given by plaintiff. After some discussion the fact was revealed that the plaintiff had deposited \$120 cash in the clerk's office which was deemed sufficient in addition to a bond given but not approved.

This afternoon, the case of the Territory vs. J. Burnett came up. James Reilly, attorney for defendant had subpoenaed the grand jurymen who found the indictment. About a dozen of them responded to the subpoenas. The question was on demurrer to the indictment on the ground that Francis J. Heney had influenced the jury against defendant. The first witness H. C. Herrick wanted to argue with the court, and both attorneys, but after he had answered all questions propounded he looked as though he doubted whether or not he ever sat upon a grand jury in his life. Messrs. Dunker, Lofgreen, Montgomery, Crowley, Coffman, Kelly, Hoefler, Oaks and Duval were closely questioned and resulted in nothing being developed to warrant the court in sustaining the demurrer.

The case of the Territory vs. Mart Taylor came up this afternoon. One indictment was quashed and on the other he was given until tomorrow to plead. A special venire of 20 jurors was ordered returnable tomorrow morning 9 o'clock.

Birds of Passage.

Between this and the other side of the broad Atlantic, in the shape of tourists, commercial travellers and mariners, agents "on the road," steamboat captains, ship's surgeons and "all sorts and conditions" of travellers, emigrant and new settlers, appreciate and testify to the preventative and remedial properties of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters in sea sickness, nausea, malarial and rheumatic trouble, and all disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. Against the prejudicial influences of climate, crudely cooked or unaccustomed diet and impure water, it is the sovereign safeguard, and has been so regarded by the travelling public for over a third of a century. No form of malarial fever, from the calentura of the Pacific and the broken bone fever of the Mississippi, to its milder types, can resist the curative action of this benignant preserver and restorer of health, a veritable boon to persons in feeble health or liable to incur disease.

A Rattler.

The Republican tells of another feather added to the cap of O. C. Smith's dog Shep. It says:

Shep, the well known dog of the Tempe hotel, added another feather to his cap yesterday by killing a rattlesnake over three feet in length, and not being bitten himself. The dog is an old timer and has already made himself a record in Tombstone, where he is credited with killing in the neighborhood of twenty rattlers.

A Bad Name.

Among the text books received Superintendent Netheron for review prior to the adoption of a new series for the territory are some that are ridiculous in their ideas. One geography by Eliza Morton of Battle Creek, Michigan, who, if we are not very much mistaken, is a sister of J. Sterling Morton, secretary of agriculture, contains the following description of Arizona, which is clipped from the columns of the Republican:

ARIZONA—This territory forms a portion of the hottest and driest region of the United States. It is said that the dry atmosphere of these elevated plateaus dries up the juices of the face leaving wrinkles and scars, thus making the people look older than they really are. Most of the country houses are made of adobe with flat roofs, on which grows a weedy grass that is cut for the mules to eat. The men bring their hay harvest down a ladder in a blanket. Phoenix is the capital of Arizona; Tucson (Too-son) is the mining center and principal city.

A Losing Game.

Frederico, the Mexican who traveled with his companion, Geronimo through Southern Arizona a few years ago, has been sentenced to death, and will be shot at Hermosillo in a few days. He was one of the Agua Zarca train robbers. The Nogales Herald says of this gang that Nieves Doran was shot by Sheriff Slaughter's posse in the Whetstone mountains and died on the train while being brought to Nogales. Taylor was shot at Guaymas. Rolling was in jail for two years. Robles is still in jail, and Geronimo is the only one that has not been captured.

Small line of samples from manufacturing corporation offered a live man. One traveler earned an average of \$35 or more for six years past. P. O. Box 17 New York.

Grand Jury.

The great length of the report of the grand jury, coupled with the fact that it is largely made up of a copy of the minutes of the board of supervisors, which was officially published in the PROSPECTOR in January last, makes its publication as an item of news a waste of labor.

It contains many good recommendations. Among them may be mentioned that the sheriff collect every license from saloons and gambling games before they open up.

That a new floor be put down in the kitchen at the hospital.

That new blankets be provided for the jail.

That the butchers be compelled to report every month.

We shall deal with one recommendation that on the face of it seems just, but is in reality absurd. The jury recommended that the county officers, with three exceptions, file new bonds for the reason that bondsmen have qualified on the bonds for more than they are assessed for on the tax roll of 1892. This really looks serious, but let us see about it. If the rule were established throughout the territory that a bondsman could not qualify for more than his name is down for on the assessment roll of his county, it would not only be contrary to the statute on bonds, but would invalidate every bond, with perhaps a few exceptions, in the territory. The law states that a surety must state under oath that he is worth the sum for which he becomes surety in unincumbered property in the territory. As the assessment roll contains only the property situated within Cochise county, how did the grand jury arrive at their conclusion as to the assessed valuation of the bondsmen in the territory? The only way it could be done would be to write to each county in Arizona and get a certified copy of their respective assessment rolls.

The bond of County Treasurer Scribner was assailed along with the rest, and for the sake of comparison and to make clear the injustice of going to the assessment roll for an idea of a man's standing as a bondsman, the following is copied from the report:

We find that the bond of the county treasurer aggregates \$83,000, represented by nineteen sureties, the assessed valuation of whose property, as shown by the assessment roll of 1892, is \$42,160, or a difference of \$41,340. The names of two of these sureties do not appear on the assessment roll. One is a non-resident, and one is a supervisor, which is contrary to the law.

Mr. Hare was not a supervisor when he went on the county treasurer's bond, and the fact of his being there now cuts no figure, as a child can see by reading Sec. 30 Par. 3191 Revised Statutes.

Let us go back two years to the time when Mr. McAllister's bond was filed. His bond was passed upon by the board, of which Messrs. Montgomery, Bryan and White were members. It was accepted without a question. Here was the bond:

Ben Williams.....	\$15,000
Lew Williams.....	10,000
E. B. Gage.....	10,000
C. W. Leach.....	10,000
J. E. Durkee.....	10,000
W. K. Meade.....	5,000
G. G. Berry.....	10,000

A total of \$70,000. This was a gilt edged bond, and still all of these men only represented a total assessed valuation, as shown by the assessment roll of that year, of \$29,000 or a difference of \$41,000. Mr. Leach did not have his name on the assessment roll then; neither has he now, but to say that he cannot qualify on Mr. Scribner's bond for \$10,000 just as he did on Mr. McAllister's for four years is suggestive of anything but reason.

It is the duty of the board of supervisors to examine every bond with the assistance of the district attorney, to pass upon the qualifications of sureties. This year the work was thoroughly done. Never before in the history of the county have such clean bonds been given by its county officers. Instead of allowing four or five men to go on bonds for a large amount the supervisors required a larger number with smaller amounts set opposite their names.

A railroad is to be constructed from Bowie to Globe. It is to be exempt from taxation for ten years. Does it follow that the promoters and owners of the road bed and rolling stock are not good and sufficient bondsmen because their names are not to be on the assessment roll?

The report of the grand jury on the board of supervisors' office recommends that the custom of allowing excessive salary to the clerks of the board be discontinued. This matter has already been settled by the legislature by an act that has been in force

since April 22nd, which gives the clerk \$1200 per annum (salary in lieu of all other compensation). The present board of supervisors paid to Nat Hawke the sum of \$200 for work left undone by the former clerk. The law prescribes that the clerk of the board shall on the last day of each year have completed and file with the board a statement in detail showing the amount paid for each kind of service rendered during the year. This requirement, which is found in Sec. 71, Par. 451, was not carried out last year. When the present board took possession of affairs they found things in a state of confusion. Minutes of the proceedings of the board were unsigned by the chairman, and are still unsigned. No statement of the receipts and disbursement as exacted by law had been made.

The new clerk was at once instructed to prepare this statement, which he did. He was paid \$200 for the work which the former clerk should have done. The minutes of the board show that at the last quarter of the old board W. D. Monmonier drew \$250 for extra work. If this extra work was not for the compiling of the annual report, what was it for?

It is understood that the present board will hold this \$250 from Mr. Monmonier's salary as probate judge when he places a bill before the board for his salary.

The PROSPECTOR is also informed that the reason Mr. Monmonier did not get his salary for the first quarter, about which the grand jury was so worked up, was because he did not place a bill before the board not caring to recognize Mr. Hare as a legally constituted member.

It is the determination of the present board that not a dollar shall go out of the county treasurer's office unless a bill for service be filed and properly sworn to. It will make no difference whether the service be performed by a county officer or a private citizen.

To be Continued.

GRANADA, Nicaragua—What is believed will be the decisive battle in the revolution against the authority of President Sacaza has been opened. After days spent in preparation, the government troops began an advance this morning. The purpose was to attack the revolutionist at Barranca, near Malaya. As the government forces advanced the battle was begun by the revolutionists, whose artillery opened a vigorous fire upon the attacking columns. The revolutionists believe the engagement now in progress will result favorably to their cause, and hope it will be the decisive battle of the movement to overthrow Sacaza. Large crowds are gathered in the streets awaiting news of the battle which will be brought from the front by messengers.

WASHINGTON—The absorbing topic in church circles is a sensational incident which occurred Sunday in the First Presbyterian church, the pastor of which is Rev. Dr. Sunderland. The church was crowded and President and Mrs. Cleveland were present. Rev. Dr. Merle Smith, pastor of the church attended by Mrs. Cleveland in New York, who was a guest at the White House, was invited to preach and took for his text, "Bear Ye One Another's Burdens." The young preacher charmed his hearers by his eloquent plea for union in the church. At the conclusion Dr. Sunderland arose and said: "I am sure we all have enjoyed Dr. Smith's sermon, but there is one important omission. He neglected to state the cause of dissension and distraction in the Presbyterian church at this time—the reason why the church has failed to accomplish what it ought to. I want here, now, to state the cause. That cause is Dr. Briggs. I would not be in that man's shoes today for all the world. Let us sing hymn No. 533."

WASHINGTON—On the request of Secretary Smith, the secretary of war has furnished the interior department with a list of army officers from which he recommends that selections be made for Indian agents.

Secretary Smith said in cases where present agents are inefficient or for any other reason unsatisfactory, they will be displaced by army officers. It is his purpose to place an army officer in charge of every agency except those where Indians are in an advanced state of civilization.

NEWS BY WIRE.

WASHINGTON—Secretary Carlisle said today he would certainly enforce the law as to deporting the Chinese as fast as the means at his disposal would permit. He intended to begin with that class of Chinese who are in this country illegally, having come in contravention of the law of 1884. Having sent this class out of the country, he would then turn his attention to the other and larger class, those who have failed to comply with the Geary law as to registration. But \$16,000 remains of the appropriation for the present fiscal year to carry out this law, but \$50,000 will be available for the purpose July 1st next.

NEW YORK—The Herald says: Young Mrs. Blaine is to change her name. She is to be married to Dr. William T. Bull. There have been many rumors of their engagement but all these have been engaged until now, when the announcement is authoritatively made.

SAVANNAH, N. Y.—Recently Chinamen have been sent over from Prescott, in Canada, to Ogdensburg, and shipped to New York City through the state in bond like merchandise. Today another party passed over the Adirondack and St. Lawrence railway, destined for Cuba. They numbered 102, all from Hong Kong, and all Chinese merchants and traders.

HOUGHTON—A terrible bush fire raged all day on Balmuan's ranch and Dollar bay. Four houses and seven cars of the Hancock and Calumet railroad were destroyed. Thirty families had to bury their household goods in the ground. Women and children were forced to fight their way over two miles to Dollar bay through suffocating heat and smoke.

ST. LOUIS—At Woodstock, a suburb of this city, just before dawn this morning, Ben McCullough, paying teller of the State bank of St. Louis, was shot and killed by a burglar. President Chas. Pearson of the state bank has offered a reward of \$1000 for the capture of the murderer.

CHICAGO—Contrary to general expectations the meeting of general managers today resulted in nothing. The Atchinson is out of the Western Passenger association and will remain an outsider until matters are adjusted to its liking.

The World's fair rates now in effect on the Atchinson will remain for some days at least and may also remain permanently. No action will be taken until instructions are received from President Reinhart in Boston. The Atchinson, however will according to the local officials, act in a conservative manner and will begin no slaughter of rates unless compelled by its competitors.

NEW YORK—A. T. Enos was today appointed receiver for the Pancoast Manufacturing Company of 900 Broadway (gas and electrical fixtures), for an application of a stockholder. The capital stock was \$525,000. Assets are said to exceed \$100,000 and its liabilities will be found to be more.

PITTSBURG—A terrific hail and rain storm accompanied by high winds and vivid lightning, passed over a portion of western Pennsylvania and eastern Ohio this afternoon doing great damage. The storm broke over Pittsburgh and raged for an hour, striking terror to the hearts of timid people and ruining \$1,000,000 worth of property.

NEW YORK—The World this morning printed in double leaded type from its Washington correspondent the following:

The president's civil service policy has not changed since it was announced Saturday, May 13th. Cleveland has no intention of refusing to make appointments for political reasons. He will not make removals for political reasons, unless offensive partisanship is charged and proved. He will make and continue to make, however, a good many removals, and every vacancy thus made will be filled by a Democrat. Cleveland has not

yet considered changes in the civil service rules.

TACOMA—A bold break for liberty was made today by the alleged Rastyn robbers, George McCarthy and Ras Lewis, alias Diamond Dick at Ellensburg jail. When the robbers had escaped, a battle occurred in the streets between them and citizens by whom they were recognized, in which both robbers and one citizen were slightly wounded. The robbers then escaped into a private house, offering profuse apologies for their sudden intrusion. The marshal entered, and with him they agreed to go back to jail, stipulating they should carry the pistols an accomplice provided them with, until they reached the jail, as they feared violence by the crowd. The marshal and robbers then went back to jail, each covering the other with weapons.

GRAND JURY REPORT.

In the District Court of the First Judicial district of the Territory of Arizona in and for the County of Cochise.

To the Hon. R. E. Sloan, judge of the first judicial district.

SIR—We the grand jury for the May term, 1893, respectfully submit this our final report.

We have examined the books and affairs of the various county offices and report of various committees is hereto attached and made part of this report.

There were 27 cases presented to our notice and of them we found 17 indictments, ignored nine and dismissed one.

Reports of committees appointed to inquire into the affairs of the various county and precinct officers:

TREASURER'S OFFICE.

We, your committee appointed to examine into the affairs of the County Treasurer, beg leave to report as follows: That we have made an examination of the books of said office and find that there should be on hand at the present time the sum of \$22,409.76. A careful count of the money on hand shows the above figures to be correct. The books of the county treasurer are kept in a neat and comprehensive manner.

P. B. SOTO,
WILFRED A. FIEGE,
Geo. W. OAKS,
H. DUNKER.

CLERK OF DIST. COURT.

We your committee appointed to examine into the affairs of Clerk of the District Court, report as follows. That the books of said office are very neatly kept and that all work connected with said office is carefully and thoroughly performed.

P. B. SOTO,
WILFRED A. FIEGE,
H. C. HERRICK.

JAIL, RECORDER AND ASSESSOR.

Your committee appointed to examine into the Jail, Recorder and Assessors offices beg leave to submit this our report: We found the jail in a neat condition and that the prisoners receive sufficient food for their maintenance and consider that all precautions are taken for the safe keeping of the prisoners, but would recommend that certain cells be ironed on the floors and sides. We would also recommend that a supply of blankets be purchased for the use of prisoners, as in our opinion, the bedding now in use is not conducive to cleanliness.

We find the books of the Recorder office kept in a neat legible manner. We find that in reference to butcher bonds, that since Jan. 1st 1893, only one bond, that of A. H. Vaughn has been filed. We find that only four butchers, Nesbit, H. W. Eiz & Co., A. Bauer and R. Triplet have made a monthly report of animals slaughtered for the month of April as provided for in section 973 Title XV Revised Statutes of Arizona. We also find that one butcher at Huachuca has made no report whatever. We find also that no report has been filed with the County Recorder of births and deaths of children, except from Drs. Sweet, Huse, Hamilton and Sullivan as provided for in section 640, title X Revised Statutes of Arizona.

We found the Assessor busy on the assessment roll and are unable to make a report on same as it is in an incomplete condition. Respectfully submitted.

H. E. CONLON,
JOS. HOEFER,
S. H. BRYANT,
LOUIS DUVAL.

(To be Continued.)

The infant child of Geo. Geragi died Saturday and was buried yesterday.